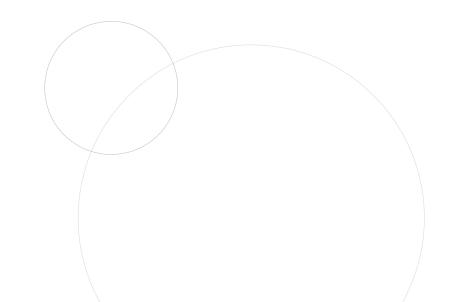


ARE GROUND SOURCE ENERGY SYSTEMS CAUSING RISING GROUNDWATER TEMPERATURES IN CENTRAL LONDON?

EVELYN CHARLESWORTH







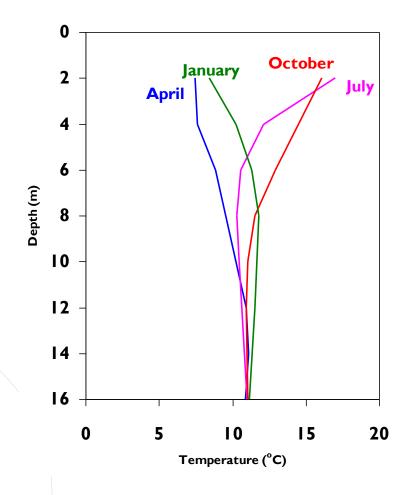
OVERVIEW

- Ground source energy systems (GSES) in UK
 - Why?
 - What?
- Why is this important?
- GW are temps rising due to GSES the null hypothesis
- Hypothesis testing numerical modelling
- Rejecting the null hypothesis
- So, what is actually going on?

WHY GROUND SOURCE ENERGY SYSTEMS?

Commitment to GHG reductions

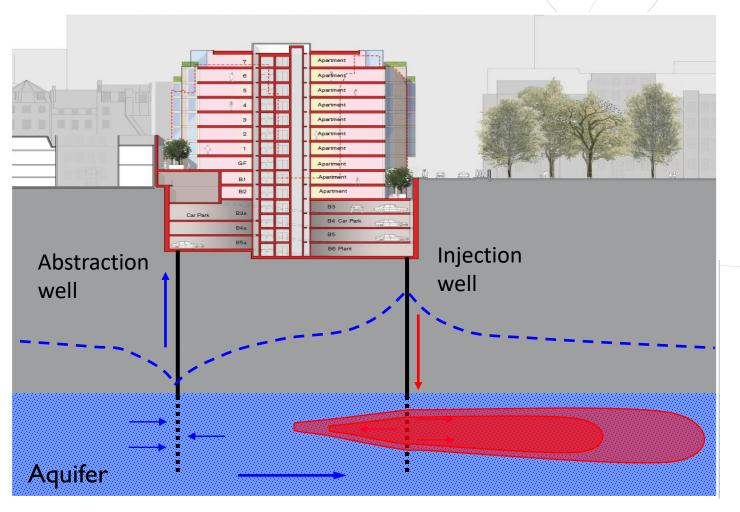
- Decarbonisation of building heating
- GSES efficiency > ASHP efficiency
 - Temperature stabilises with depth
 - Ground temperature > air temperature in winter
 - Ground temperature < air temperature in summer





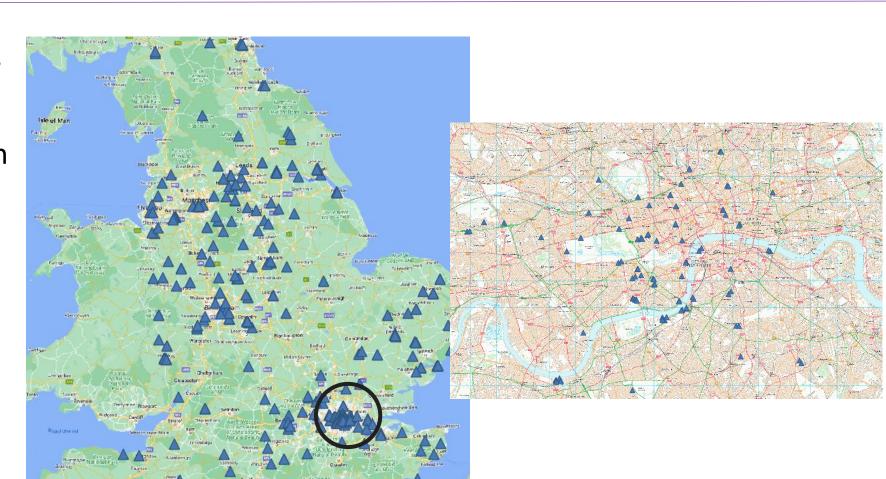
OPEN LOOP CONCEPT





GROUND SOURCE ENERGY SYSTEMS IN THE UK

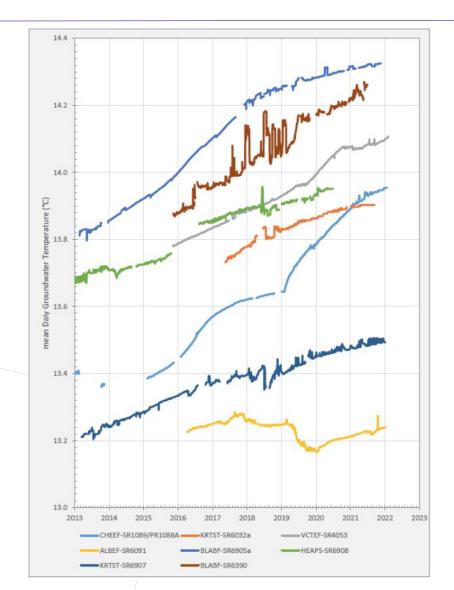
- KSL do a range of studies
- Large number installed in the UK
- ~ 45 installed in Central London
- What impact might this have on groundwater temperatures?



HYPOTHESIS TESTING

- Evidence of elevated GW temperatures
 - GSES investigation by KSL
 - Environment Agency (EA) 2022 report
- Use hypothesis testing
- Null hypothesis:

Groundwater temperatures are rising in Central London due to ground source energy systems





WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

- EA assumed correlation = causation
- Advising not to use aquifer

Outcomes:

- Reduce use of the aquifer
- A valuable low CO₂ energy source
- Mismanagement of resource
- Disservice to environment and people
- Climate change action & solutions





METHODOLOGY OVERVIEW

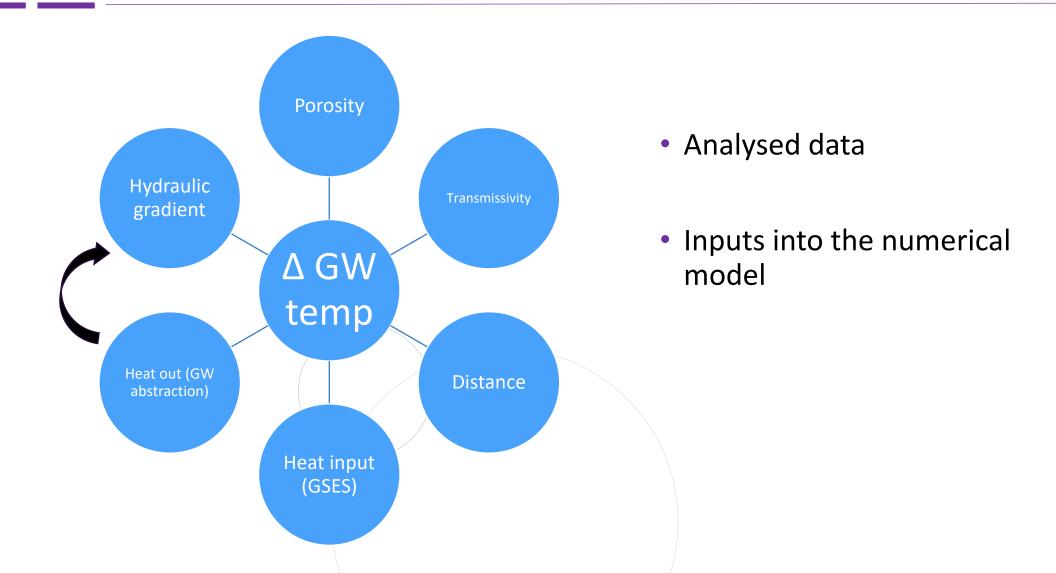
- Analysed & modelled:
 - GW temperature data
 - GWL data
 - Measured abstraction & heat discharge data
- 3D numerical modelling using FeFlow

Correlation analysis

Compared observational data with modelled results



METHODOLOGY





METHODOLOGY

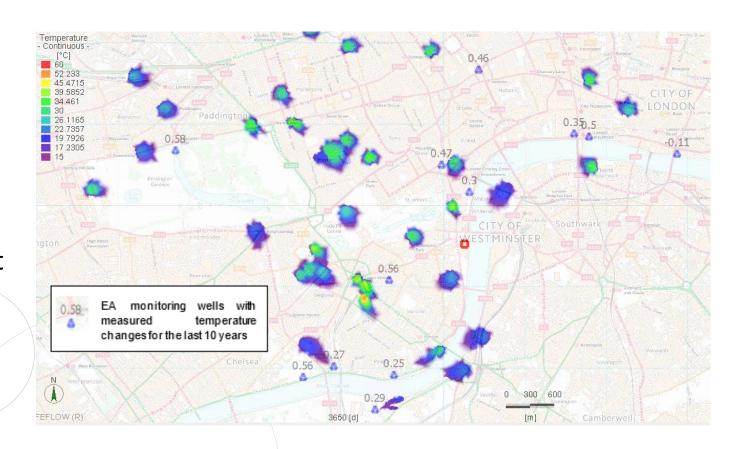
- 3D numerical modelling scenarios:
 - High heat discharge + low abstraction = high heat input
 - Middle heat discharge + middle abstraction = avg heat input
 - Low heat discharge + high abstraction = lower heat input
 - Transmissivity range
 - 10-year simulations



RESULTS

 No correlation between distance to GSES & temperature in nearest EA monitoring well

- Modelled temperatures did not change significantly
 - Even when likely overestimating heat rejection rate to the aquifer
 - Heat plumes localized
 - Do not spread over 10 years





RESULTS

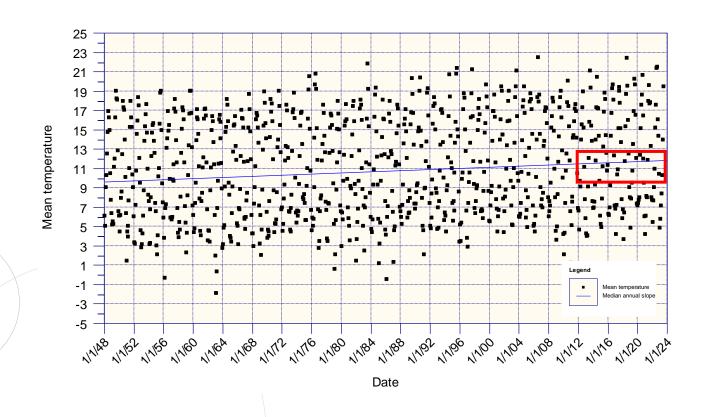
 No evidence that rising groundwater temperatures in Central London relate to GSES heat rejection

Reject the null hypothesis

Groundwater temperatures are rising in Central London due to ground source energy systems

FUTURE WORK

- Assumptions
- Redo the modelling with more data from third-party schemes (underway)
- What is causing groundwater temperatures to rise?
 - Climate change
 - Reduced abstraction & recovering GWLs





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Any questions?



